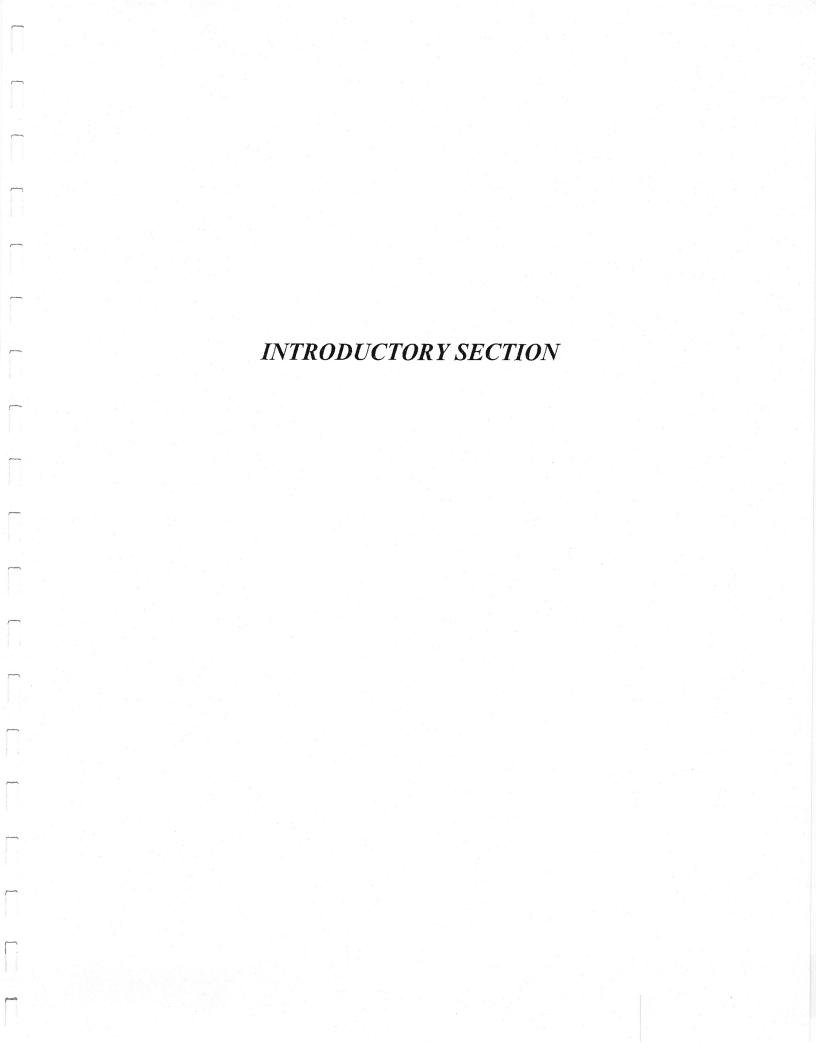
## ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

## LIBERTY COUNTY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	Page
Letter of Transmittal	1
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	5
Organizational Chart	6
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	9
Management's Discussion and Analysis	13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	23
Statement of Activities	25
Governmental Funds Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	28
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	31
<b>Proprietary Funds Financial Statements</b>	
Statement of Net Assets	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	33
Statement of Cash Flows	35
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets-Agency Funds	37
Notes to Financial Statements	39
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	58
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-	
Budget and Actual – Road and Bridge Fund	61
Schedule of Funding Progress – Texas County and District Retirement System	63
Combining Statements and Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	68
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	7.4
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-	74
Budget and Actual – Budgeted Special Revenue Funds	81
Combining Statement of Net Assets – Agency Funds	92





### HAROLD SEAY, CPA LIBERTY COUNTY AUDITOR

LIBERTY COUNTY COUNTHOUSE 1923 SAM HOUSTON, ROOM 115 LIBERTY, TEXAS 77575 409/336-4605

November 6, 2008

Honorable District Judges, Members of the Commissioners Court, and Citizens of Liberty County:

The County Auditor's Office is pleased to present the Annual Financial Report for Liberty County, Texas (the "County"), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007.

This report was prepared to provide the Commissioners Court, our citizens, our bondholders, and other interested parties with detailed information concerning the financial condition and activities of the County. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, and is presented in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. We also believe that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The Liberty County financial statements have been audited by Belt, Harris & Associates, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based on the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Liberty County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the County's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Transmittal Letter Liberty County, Texas

#### PROFILE OF LIBERTY COUNTY

Liberty County was created in 1836, and is located in southeast Texas on U. S. Highway 90 halfway between Beaumont and Houston. The County occupies an area of 1,176 square miles and serves a population of 75,685.

The County operates as specified under the Constitution of the State of Texas, and in accordance with the provisions of the State Statutes of Texas, which provide for a Commissioners' Court consisting of the County Judge and four Commissioners, each of whom is elected from four geographical precincts. The County Judge is elected for a four-year term, and the Commissioners for four-year staggered terms. The Commissioners' Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County, and adopts the County budget.

The County Auditor has responsibility for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and examining, auditing, and approving all disbursements from County funds prior to submission to the Commissioners' Court for approval.

The County provides a full range of services authorized by statute. Services include general governmental functions such as recording and licensing, maintaining the county and district court systems, maintaining public facilities, ensuring public safety, maintaining public health and welfare, aiding conservation, and maintaining county roads and bridges.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Liberty County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit budget requests to the County Judge each year. Commissioners Court is required to hold public hearings on a proposed budget. The County is required to adopt a final budget by the first day of the new fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department, and category. All transfers of appropriations, either between departments or within an individual department's budget, require approval of Commissioners' Court. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Liberty County operates.

Local economy – The County's economy has historically been based on mineral production (oil and gas), agriculture (cattle, rice, soybeans), and lumber (timber). The County is a significant job source for the area, while additional employment focuses on agribusiness, including ranching, rice, and soybean farming. Liberty County is located halfway between Houston and Beaumont which provides additional nearby employment opportunities.

The 2000 Census for Liberty County reported the population at 70,154. Based on the census of 1990, the population was 52,726. As a result, the ten-year period reflected a 33 percent increase in population. The 2006 population was estimated at 75,434. The County's unemployment rate at September 30, 2007 was 5.3 percent compared to 5.4 percent at September 30, 2006.

**Long-term financial planning** - Liberty County records reflect modest debt levels and acceptable reserve levels that have benefited from sound fiscal management practices. The County practices conservative budgeting and sets general fund reserve targets at eight percent to ten percent of annual

Transmittal Letter Liberty County, Texas

expenditures. In the past fiscal year the County incurred a significant increase in the general fund unreserved fund balance as a result of additional revenues and a decrease in general fund expenditures.

Liberty County has identified several long-term issues that need to be studied and funded by Commissioners' Court. These issues include additional space outside the courthouse for department offices, additional funds for the maintenance of roads and bridges, and a courthouse security plan.

Cash management - The Commissioners Court has adopted a formal investment policy for the County consistent with State statutes governing the investment of County funds and by statute the County Treasurer serves as the County's investment officer. The policy is updated annually. The general objectives set forth in the policy provide for financial security and optimum liquidity of County funds while achieving the maximum yield on funds invested and maximum levels of invested funds. The primary objectives of the County's investment policy are the safety of principal followed by liquidity and yield. Accordingly, deposits were either insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the County and held by an independent third-party financial institution.

**Risk management** - The County retains various levels of risk, and accounts for the associated expenditures in the General Fund. The portions of risk that are not transferred to third party coverage are self-funded by the County under formal arrangements. Additional information concerning the County's risk management activities is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Pension and other post-employment benefits - Liberty County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all its employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). Specific plan provisions are adopted by the County within the options available in the State statutes governing the TCDRS. Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed. Detailed information on the retirement plan and other post-employment benefits can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the staff of the County Auditor's Office. We express our appreciation to all the members of the office who assisted and contributed to its preparation. We would also like to thank the accounting firm of Belt, Harris & Associates, Certified Public Accountants, for sharing their knowledge, and extending their cooperation and support to the County Auditor's Office. I also wish to commend members of the Commissioners' Court for conducting the financial operations of Liberty County in a progressive and responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

and Jean

Harold Seay, CPA

Liberty County Auditor

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### **COMMISSIONERS' COURT**

Lloyd Kirkham County Judge

Todd Fontenot Commissioner, Precinct # 1
Lee Groce Commissioner, Precinct # 2
Melvin Hunt Commissioner, Precinct # 3
Norman Brown Commissioner, Precinct # 4

#### DISTRICT COURTS

C. T. Hight Judge, 75<sup>th</sup> Judicial District Chap Cain Judge, 253<sup>rd</sup> Judicial District

Michael Little District Attorney
Melody Gilmore District Clerk

#### **COUNTY COURT**

Don Taylor Judge, County Court at Law

A. J. Hartel County Attorney
Delia Sellers County Clerk

#### JUSTICE COURTS

Bobby Rader

Ronnie Davis

Phil Fitzgerald

Glenn Pruitt

Burl Thomas

Fred Dishongh

Justice of Peace, Precinct # 1

Justice of Peace, Precinct # 2

Justice of Peace, Precinct # 3

Justice of Peace, Precinct # 4

Justice of Peace, Precinct # 5

Justice of Peace, Precinct # 6

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT

Greg Arthur Sheriff

Tim Allison Constable, Precinct # 1
Mike Parrish Constable, Precinct # 2
Danny Frankum Constable, Precinct # 3
Charles Martin Constable, Precinct # 4
L. W. DeSpain Constable, Precinct # 5
Royce Wheeler Constable, Precinct # 6

#### FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

Harold Seay County Auditor\*

Mark McClelland Tax Assessor-Collector

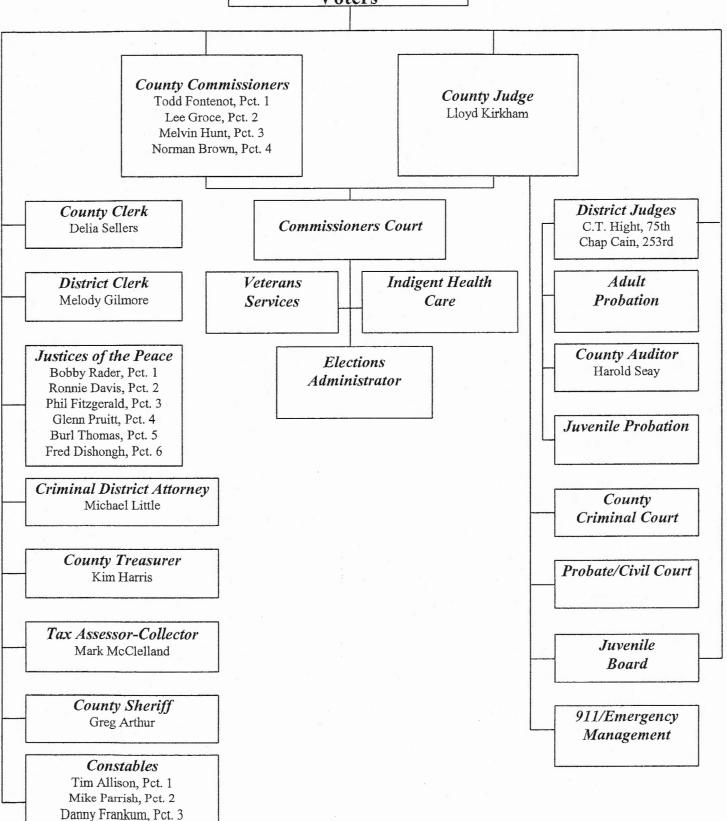
Kim Harris County Treasurer

<sup>\*</sup> Designates appointed official. All others elected.

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

## Liberty County Voters



Charles Martin, Pct. 4 L.W. DeSpain, Pct. 5 Royce Wheeler, Pct. 6 FINANCIAL SECTION



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court, Liberty County, Texas:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Liberty County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable thereof for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2008 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and the pension information are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

FX: 713.263.1550

PH: 512.381.0222

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Bell Harris & Associates, LLLP

Belt Harris & Associates, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas November 6, 2008

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

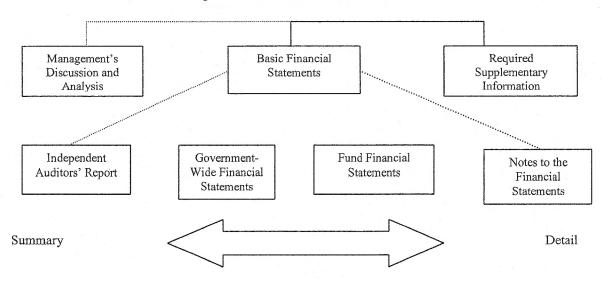
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of Liberty County, Texas (the "County"), financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2007. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current-year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 establishes the content of the minimum requirements for MD&A. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT

The table of contents presented at the beginning of this report provides an overview of the structure of the County's report, as well as the page numbers where the respective sections can be located within the report, as more fully described below.

#### Components of the Financial Section



The Annual Financial Report is presented as compliant with the financial reporting model in effect pursuant to GASB Statement No. 34. The financial reporting model requires governments to present certain basic financial statements as well as a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and certain other required supplementary information (RSI). The basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of Liberty County. These statements are prepared using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of Liberty County's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Liberty County is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the County.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in the net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the County has only one type of activity:

1. Governmental activities – All of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, administration of justice, public safety, health and human services, and public transportation. Interest payments on the County's debt are also reported here.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A within this report.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is Liberty County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. Liberty County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. The three categories of County funds are governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General, Road and Bridge, and Capital Project funds, which are considered to be major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County maintains one of the two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report business-type activities. The County does not maintain an enterprise fund. An internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate revenue and allocate costs. The County's internal service fund is used in the administration of the County's employee benefits self-insurance program. Since this fund benefits governmental activities rather than a business-type function, it has been included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found after the governmental fund financial statements of this report.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI that GASB Statement No. 34 requires includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General and Road and Bridge funds, as well as a schedule of funding progress for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. For Liberty County, assets exceed liabilities by \$38,918,490 as of year end.

A large portion of the County's net assets reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and machinery and equipment) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves can not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Governmental Activities - Statement of Net Assets

	2007	2006
Current and other assets	\$ 37,252,664	\$ 20,895,082
Capital assets, net	 24,777,994	 24,302,011
<b>Total Assets</b>	62,030,658	45,197,093
Long-term liabilities	20,748,591	11,794,330
Other liabilities	2,363,577	2,049,645
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	23,112,168	13,843,975
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets,		
net of related debt	16,598,418	14,662,267
Restricted	2,771,199	2,274,686
Unrestricted	 19,548,873	14,416,165
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 38,918,490	\$ 31,353,118

Unrestricted net assets, \$19,548,873, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

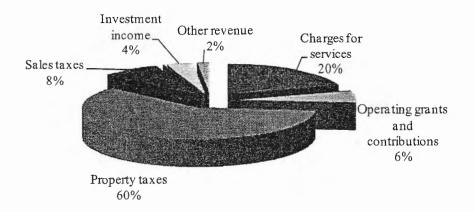
### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### Governmental Activities - Statement of Activities

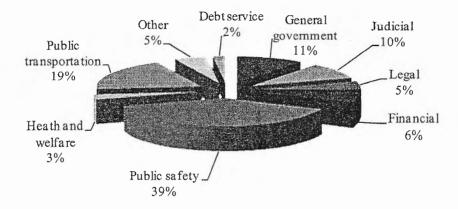
	2007	2006
Revenues		S
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 7,492,214	\$ 8,162,829
Operating grants and contributions	2,340,039	2,730,097
General revenues:		
Property taxes	22,451,277	21,358,930
Sales taxes	3,031,006	2,686,684
Other taxes	40,215	34,738
Investment income	1,303,485	1,020,424
Other revenue	624,493	630,969
Total Revenues	37,282,729	 36,624,671
Expenses		
General government	3,100,091	3,457,715
Judicial	2,904,734	2,458,706
Legal	1,483,824	1,403,023
Financial	1,858,120	1,879,912
Public safety	11,647,503	11,482,642
Heath and welfare	925,955	908,479
Public transportation	5,756,703	5,745,826
Other	1,471,741	1,393,504
Debt service	 568,686	 577,903
Total Expenses	 29,717,357	29,307,710
Change in Net Assets	7,565,372	7,316,961
Beginning Net Assets	31,353,118	24,036,157
Ending Net Assets	\$ 38,918,490	\$ 31,353,118

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### **Governmental Revenues**



## **Governmental Functional Expenses**



#### **Governmental Activities**

Total revenues for the governmental activities have increased by 1.5 percent when compared to the previous year. This slight increase is the net result of increases in property taxes, sales and other taxes, and interest income. The largest of which, property tax revenue, was higher due to increased property tax values. These increases were offset by similar deceases in charges for services and operating grants and contributions. Total expenses for governmental activities remained relatively stable when compared to the prior year. There was an increase of \$409,647 or 1.4 percent. This increase can be largely attributed to increases in both the judicial and public transportation departments.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$29,038,584. Of this, \$14,064,839 is designated or reserved for various special revenue and capital project programs.

There was an increase in the fund balance of \$4,440,266 over the prior year for the General fund. The Road and Bridge fund experienced an increase in fund balance as well, in the amount of \$351,328. Capital Projects also had an increase in fund balance of \$9,382,747 as a result of a large debt issuance.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County's internal service fund is used in the administration of the County's employee benefits self-insurance program. This fund is presented as a governmental activity rather than a business-type function. Revenues and expenses remained relatively stable and net assets increased by \$174,426 or 9 percent when compared to the previous year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u> - At the end of the year, the County's governmental activities funds had invested \$24,777,994 net of accumulated depreciation in a variety of capital assets. Depreciation is included with the governmental capital assets as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> - At the end of the year, the County's total long-term debt consisted of \$17,295,000 in certificates of obligation, \$2,185,000 in general obligation bonds, and capital leases of \$853,613.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County continues to grow as seen in the increase in assessed property valuations for both residential and commercial entities.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Liberty County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Harold Seay, CPA, County Auditor, Liberty County, 1923 Sam Houston, Liberty, Texas 77575.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
September 30, 2007

		Primary Government Governmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 31,137,215
Receivables, net		3,722,773
Due from other governments		1,529,923
Due from other funds		359,385
Deferred charges		367,250
Prepaids		111,118
Other current assets		25,000
		37,252,664
Nondepreciable capital assets		2,138,419
Depreciable capital assets, net		22,639,575
		24,777,994
	<b>Total Assets</b>	62,030,658
T. 1 ma		
Liabilities		
Current:		
Accounts payable and		0.000.404
accrued liabilities		2,269,484
Accrued interest payable		78,182
Due to other governments		15,911
155		2,363,577
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities due within one year		1,736,226
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year		19,012,365
		20,748,591
	Total Liabilities	23,112,168
27 / 4 /-		
Net Assets		17, 500, 410
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		16,598,418
Restricted for:		5(1,000
Debt service		761,803
Records management		820,674
Public safety		378,007
Judicial		652,558
Other purposes		158,157
Unrestricted		19,548,873
	<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 38,918,490

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

				Progran	ı Re		F	et (Expense) Revenue and hanges in Net	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	0			Operating Grants and Contributions	Assets Governmental Activities		
Primary Government:		2.1.					-		
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	3,100,091	\$	126,319	\$	-	\$	(2,973,772)	
Judicial		2,904,734		2,254,031		150,064		(500,639)	
Legal		1,483,824		92,331		64,880		(1,326,613)	
Financial		1,858,120		86,257		_		(1,771,863)	
Public safety		11,647,503		3,014,289		610,108		(8,023,106)	
Health and welfare		925,955		_		131,450		(794,505)	
Public transportation		5,756,703		1,918,987		56,862		(3,780,854)	
Other		1,471,741		-		1,326,675		(145,066)	
Interest and fiscal agent fees on		+							
on long-term debt		568,686				· , -		(568,686)	
Total Governmental Activities		29,717,357	_	7,492,214		2,340,039	A. F.	(19,885,104)	
	\$	29,717,357	\$	7,492,214	\$	2,340,039		(19,885,104)	
			Cono	ral Revenues:					
								22,451,277	
				es taxes				3,031,006	
				ner taxes					
								40,215 23,199	
				yment in lieu of t restment income	axes			1,303,485	
				ner revenues				601,294	
			, Ou		al C	eneral Revenues		27,450,476	
				100	ar O	cheral Revenues		27,430,470	
					Chan	ge in Net Assets		7,565,372	
			Begin	nning Net Assets			15	31,353,118	
					Eı	iding Net Assets	\$	38,918,490	

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2007

		Road General and Bridge				Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets Cook and each agriculants	\$	12,480,930	\$	2,185,170	\$	10.062.447	σ	2 011 057	
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф		Ф		Ф	10,062,447	\$	3,911,057	
Receivables, net		2,070,648		613,632		-		202,043	
Due from other governments  Due from other funds		1,048,037 296,995		23,619 79,036		_		458,267	
Due from others  Due from others		50,691		3,152		-		132,287	
				3,132		-		1,034	
Prepaids Other current assets		111,118 25,000		-		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	16,083,419	\$	2,904,609	\$	10,062,447	\$	4,704,688	
Total Assets	Ψ	10,005,419	Ψ	2,904,009	φ	10,002,447	Φ	4,704,088	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and									
accrued liabilities	\$	909,709	\$	232,947	\$	899	\$	355,322	
Due to other governments	Ψ	15,911	Ψ	232,947	Ψ	699	Ψ	555,522	
Due to other funds		15,511		- 1		· ·		148,933	
Due to others								106,217	
Other liabilities		45,128		15,190				100,217	
Deferred revenue		2,070,648		613,632		_		202,043	
Total Liabilities		3,041,396		861,769		899		812,515	
Fund Balances		2,011,00		001,705				012,010	
Reserved for:									
Prepaids		111,118		_		_		_	
Capital projects		_		_		10,061,548		-	
Debt service		-		-		_		761,803	
Special revenue		_		_				2,009,396	
Unreserved and designated		_		_				1,120,974	
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:									
General fund		12,930,905		_		·		-	
Road and bridge fund		- ·		2,042,840		and the second			
Total Fund Balances		13,042,023		2,042,840		10,061,548		3,892,173	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	16,083,419	\$	2,904,609	\$	10,062,447	\$	4,704,688	

#### Adjustments for the Statement of Net Assets:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial

resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.

Capital assets - non-depreciable

Capital assets - depreciable

Accumulated depreciation

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period

expenditures and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds.

The internal service fund is used to charge the costs of self-insurance activities to appropriate

functions in other funds and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable

in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Accrued interest payable

Non-current liabilities due in one year

Non-current liabilities due in more than one year

Deferred charges for issuance costs

Various other reclassifications and eliminations to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting

to accrual basis of accounting.

	Total
C	Sovernmental
	Funds
\$	28,639,604
	2,886,323
	1,529,923
	508,318
	54,877
	111,118
1.	25,000
\$	33,755,163
\$	1,498,877
	15,911
	148,933
	106,217
	60,318
	2,886,323
	4,716,579
	111 110
	111,118
	10,061,548
	761,803
	2,009,396
	1,120,974
	- 1.1120
	12,930,905
	2,042,840
	29,038,584
	2,138,419
	45,439,695
	(22,800,120)
	2,886,323
	2,092,218
	(78,182)
	(1,736,226)
	(19,012,365)
	367,250
	301,430
	582,894
\$	38,918,490

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		General	2	Road and Bridge	Capital Projects		Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	15,867,894	\$	4,698,734	\$ - · · · -	\$	1,558,143
Sales taxes		3,031,006			_		_
Other taxes		40,215		-	-		-
Licenses and permits		86,257		-	-		-
Intergovernmental revenue		353,967		56,862	-		1,952,410
Charges for services		2,890,216			· .		124,073
Fines and forfeitures		2,013,389		1,602,432	-		682,318
Investment income		1,056,147		-	35,097		76,133
Other revenue		267,160		268,529	-		65,605
Total Revenues		25,606,251		6,626,557	 35,097		4,458,682
Expenditures Current:							
General government		2,869,544			-		34,752
Judicial		2,758,914		-	-		145,820
Legal		1,353,945		-	·		124,778
Financial		1,858,120					-
Public safety		10,694,890		-	-		626,617
Health and welfare		937,514		_			×
Public transportation				5,508,812	342,350		44,330
Other		502,431		520,011			455,220
Capital outlay		_		-	_ '		844,284
Debt service:							
Principal		187,151		225,479			1,015,000
Interest and fiscal charges		3,476		49,987			375,068
Bond issuance costs		-		-	232,413		
Total Expenditures		21,165,985		6,304,289	 574,763		3,665,869
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	province of the last of the la	4,440,266		322,268	 (539,666)	-	792,813
Other Financing Sources				20.000	0.070.000		
Debt issuance		-		29,060	9,970,000		-
Discount on debt issuance		-		-	 (47,587)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,440,266		351,328	9,382,747		792,813
Beginning Fund Balances	,	8,601,757		1,691,512	678,801	-	3,099,360
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	\$	13,042,023	\$	2,042,840	\$ 10,061,548	\$	3,892,173

	Total
G	overnmental
	Funds
\$	22,124,771 3,031,006 40,215
	86,257 2,363,239 3,014,289 4,298,139
	1,167,377 601,294 36,726,587
	2,904,296 2,904,734 1,478,723 1,858,120 11,321,507 937,514 5,895,492 1,477,662 844,284 1,427,630 428,531 232,413 31,710,906
	5,015,681
	9,999,060 (47,587)
	14,967,154
	14,071,430
\$	29,038,584

### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 14,967,154
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement	
of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded	
capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlay	2,674,036
Depreciation	(2,184,233)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets	(13,820)
The County uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance	
to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds is reported	
with governmental activities.	174,426
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Deferred revenue	326,506
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds,	
but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Principal payments	1,427,630
Issuance and Amoritization of bond premiums, issuance costs, and deferred charges	179,829
Debt issuance	(10,022,957)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental	
funds. This adjustment reflects the net change in interest payable on the accrual basis	
of accounting and the net change in compensated absences.	
Compensated absences	(40,640)
Interest payable	(16,086)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations to convert from the modified accrual basis	
of accounting to the accrual basis of accounting.	93,527
The state of the s	 
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,565,372

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
PROPRIETARY FUND
September 30, 2007

		Internal rvice Fund
Assets	_	
Cash and investments	\$	2,497,611
Due from others		198,679
Total Assets		2,696,290
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		604,072
Total Liabilities		604,072
Not A soots		
Net Assets Unrestricted		2,092,218
	-	2,022,210
Total Net Assets	\$	2,092,218

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Internal rvice Fund
Operating Revenues		
County and employee contributions		\$ 3,562,300
	<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	 3,562,300
Operating Expenses		
Claims, premiums, and administrative costs		3,523,982
	<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	3,523,982
	Operating Income	 38,318
Non-Operating Revenues		
Investment income		136,108
	<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues</b>	 136,108
	Change in Net Assets	174,426
Beginning N	let Assets	 1,917,792
	<b>Ending Net Assets</b>	\$ 2,092,218

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Internal rvice Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from County and employee contributions	\$	3,424,391
Payments for insurance claims, premiums, and administrative costs	1	(3,521,694)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		(97,303)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest on investments		136,108
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		136,108
Net Increase in Cash and Equivalents		38,805
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,458,806
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,497,611
Reconciliation of Operating Income		
to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$	38,318
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash (used) provided by operating activities:		
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Due from others		(137,909)
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		2,288
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(97,303)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2007

	T	otal Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	8,959,240
Due from other funds		11,270
Accounts receivable		9,388
Total Assets	\$	8,979,898
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$	2,720
Due to other governments		205,290
Due to other funds		370,655
Due to other units		8,391,397
Other libilities		9,836
Total Liabilities	\$	8,979,898

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. Reporting Entity

Liberty County, Texas (the "County"), is an independent governmental entity created in 1836 by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by Commissioners Court which is composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including public safety, administration of justice, health and welfare services, public improvements, public transportation, environmental protection, and general government.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with the prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

### **Blended Component Unit**

### Liberty County Juvenile Probation Department

The Liberty County Juvenile Probation Department is a legally separate entity from the County but is so closely related to the County that it is, in essence, an extension of the County. This entity is considered a blended component unit for reporting purposes. The financial data of this unit is combined with that of the County since the unit is, in substance, part of the County's operations. The financial statements of the unit are separately audited as of their fiscal year end (August 31) to meet the reporting requirements of their major funding source (the State of Texas). Audited financial statements for the blended component unit can be obtained by contacting the Liberty County Auditor, 1923 Sam Houston, Liberty, Texas 77575.

### **B.** Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements include implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. Certain of the significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations;
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the County's activities;
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities, which includes a statement of net assets and a statement of activities. It requires the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

classification of net assets into three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information about the County as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities. These statements include all activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, of which the County has none.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as taxes and investment earnings, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and agency funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, the accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Following is a description of the various funds:

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed.

### General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales taxes, fines and forfeitures, as well as licenses and permits. Expenditures include general government, judicial, legal, financial, public safety, and health and welfare.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### Special Revenue Fund

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted or designated for specified activities.

The special revenue funds are considered non-major funds for reporting purposes except one fund. Road and Bridge fund is a major fund for reporting purposes.

### Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition or construction of major capital projects that are being financed from long-term debt issues. The capital projects fund is a major fund for reporting purposes.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Proprietary fund types follow GAAP prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and all Financial Accounting Standards Board's standards issued prior to November 30, 1989. The County has the following type of proprietary fund:

### **Internal Service Fund**

The internal service fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the County's medical and dental self-insurance program in accordance with Chapter 172 of the Texas Government Code. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Revenues are derived from County contributions, employee and retiree/cobra premiums and investment of idle funds. Expenses are for claims, premiums, and administrative costs. The general fund is contingently liable for liabilities of the internal service fund. Sub-fund accounting is employed to maintain the integrity of the self-insurance activities of the County.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County has the following types of fiduciary funds:

#### **Agency Funds**

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the account basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide statements of net assets and statements of activities are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are included on the balance sheet or on the statement of fiduciary net assets.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The County utilizes the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental fund types. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include charges for services and interest on temporary investments.

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other receipts and other taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

Under modified accrual accounting, expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The statements of net assets and statements of activities are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Agency funds are unlike other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Equity

### 1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools, the County reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexPool, are reported using the pools' share price.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Statewide investment pools and commercial paper

#### 2. Receivables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in an applicable governmental fund to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

### Property taxes

General property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year. Uncollected amounts at year end are reported as deferred revenue. Delinquent property taxes collected within sixty days subsequent to year end were not considered material.

The property tax calendar dates are:

- (a)Levy date October 1
- (b)Due date October 1
- (c)Collection dates October 1 through January 31
- (d)Lien date February 1

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain governmental entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the Tax Assessor's Ad Valorem Agency Fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the General and Road and Bridge Funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the county-wide appraisal district which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The value of property within the County must be reviewed every three years by the appraisal district unless the County, at its own expense, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Property taxes are levied during September of each year, are due upon receipt of the County's tax bill, and become delinquent on February 1 of the following year. The County's tax lien exists from January 1 (the assessment date) each year until the taxes are paid. The penalties and interest accumulate on the unpaid accounts until July 1, at which time the delinquent accounts are turned over to the tax attorney for legal action. The interest continues to accumulate on the account at 1% per month, but the penalty remains at a maximum of 12% until paid.

### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method). Certain payments to vendors reflecting costs applicable to the future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with a provision of GASB Statement No. 34, the County has capitalized infrastructure assets retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Buildings and improvements with an initial cost of \$100,000 or more are capitalized. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	30 years
Vehicles	5 to 8 years
Furniture and fixtures	3 to 10 years
Machinery and general equipment	5 to 10 years

#### 5. Compensated Employee Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, and compensatory time. Amounts accumulated may be paid to employees upon termination of employment or during employment in accordance with the County's personnel policy. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable, notes payable, capital leases payable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debts for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount, and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the General Fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

### 7. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

### 8. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The original budget is adopted by the Commissioners Court prior to the beginning of the period. As defined by State statutes, the legal level of control is the department level. Management may not amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners Court.

The final amended budget is used in this report. Budgets are adopted for the general fund, most special revenue funds, and the debt service fund. All funds that adopted a budget did so on a GAAP basis. Several supplemental budget appropriations were made for the period ended September 30, 2007.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### A. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended, expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control as follows:

General Fund:	e2 021
District attorney	\$3,021
Sheriff	\$7,058
Tana Tihanama	
Law Library:	#0.00 <b>0</b>
Judicial	\$9,982
D' ( C 1 D 1 D 1 ) ( )	
District Clerk Records Management:	00.400
Judicial	\$2,130
G 4 44 G 1 1 G 11 G	
County Attorney Check Collections:	
Legal	\$5,606
Debt Service Fund:	
Interest and fiscal charges	\$500

### B. Deficit Fund Balance

The TCDP Programs and District Attorney special revenue funds had deficit fund balances of \$38,760 and \$5,654, respectively, as of September 30, 2007.

### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

### A. Deposits and Investments

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized. As of September 30, 2007, bank balances were sufficiently covered by market values of pledged securities.

#### B. Receivables

The following comprises receivable balances at year end:

				1	Nonmajor		
			Road	$\mathbf{G}_{0}$	vernmental	Internal	
	General	and Bridge			Funds	Service	Total
Property taxes \$	5,176,620	\$	1,534,080	\$	505,107	\$ -	\$ 7,215,807
Other governments	1,048,037		23,619		458,267	P	1,529,923
Other	50,691		3,152		1,034	198,679	253,556
Less allowance	(3,105,972)		(920,448)		(303,064)		(4,329,484)
\$	3,169,376	\$	640,403	\$	661,344	\$ 198,679	\$ 4,669,802

A receivable of \$582,894 for fees and fines is reported within the statement of net assets for governmental activities. The receivable is only recorded under the full accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year end were as follows:

				Primary G	ove	rnment		
		Beginning				Decreases/	1 1	Ending
		Balance		Increases		Transfers		Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,589,039	* <u>\$</u>	549,380	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,138,419
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,589,039		549,380				2,138,419
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		13,624,257		-		, <u>-</u>		13,624,257
Furniture, machinery, and equipment		9,448,509		385,727		(116,211)		9,718,025
Infrastructure		20,358,484	*	1,738,929		_		22,097,413
Total capital assets being depreciated		43,431,250		2,124,656		(116,211)		45,439,695
Total capital assets		45,020,289		2,674,036		(116,211)		47,578,114
Less accumulated depreciation for.								
Buildings and improvements		(8,604,521)		(396,635)		_		(9,001,156)
Furniture, machinery, and equipment		(6,050,118)		(859,389)		102,391		(6,807,116)
Infrastructure		(6,063,639)		(928,209)		-		(6,991,848)
Total accumulated depreciation		(20,718,278)		(2,184,233)		102,391		(22,800,120)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	22,712,972		(59,577)		(13,820)	· .	22,639,575
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	24,302,011	\$	489,803	\$	(13,820)	\$	24,777,994
* Restated beginning balance				Less	ass	sociated debt		(8,179,576)
resulted segiming suitable	In	vested in capit	al a				\$	16,598,418
Depreciation was charged to governmental fi					1 - 4			
General government				\$		181,510		
Legal						5,101		
Other						7,756		
Public safety						562,629		
Health and welfare						3,971		
Public transportation				Pro-		1,423,266		
Total Governmental Acti	vitie	es Depreciation	n Ex	xpense \$		2,184,233		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the County uses the general and debt service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Beginning Balance		Additions	I	Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
					-		7 14	
\$ 7,635,000	\$	9,970,000	\$	310,000	\$	17,295,000	* \$	320,000
2,890,000		-		705,000		2,185,000		710,000
1,213,286		52,957		412,630		853,613	*	188,462
65,519		-		16,969		48,550	*	16,936
		(47,587)		-		(47,587)	*	2,799
(317,589)	)			(82,850)		(234,739)		(85,850)
11,486,216		9,975,370		1,361,749		20,099,837	11.	1,152,347
608,114	**	886,878		846,238		648,754		583,879
\$ 12,094,330	\$	10,862,248	\$	2,207,987	\$	20,748,591	\$	1,736,226
an one year					\$	19,012,365		
					\$	18,149,576		
			Less	Series 2007	+			
associated with g	over				\$	8,179,576		
	\$ 7,635,000 2,890,000 1,213,286 65,519 (317,589) 11,486,216 608,114 \$ 12,094,330 an one year	\$ 7,635,000 \$ 2,890,000 1,213,286 65,519 (317,589) 11,486,216 608,114 **  \$ 12,094,330 \$	\$ 7,635,000 \$ 9,970,000 2,890,000 - 1,213,286 52,957 65,519 - (47,587) (317,589) - 11,486,216 9,975,370 608,114 ** 886,878 \$ 12,094,330 \$ 10,862,248 an one year	\$ 7,635,000 \$ 9,970,000 \$ 2,890,000	\$ 7,635,000 \$ 9,970,000 \$ 310,000 2,890,000 - 705,000 1,213,286 52,957 412,630   65,519 - 16,969 - (47,587) - (317,589) - (82,850) 11,486,216 9,975,370 1,361,749   608,114 ** 886,878 846,238   \$ 12,094,330 \$ 10,862,248 \$ 2,207,987	\$ 7,635,000 \$ 9,970,000 \$ 310,000 \$ 2,890,000	Balance         Additions         Reductions         Balance           \$ 7,635,000         \$ 9,970,000         \$ 310,000         \$ 17,295,000           2,890,000         - 705,000         2,185,000           1,213,286         52,957         412,630         853,613           65,519         - 16,969         48,550           - (47,587)         - (47,587)         (234,739)           11,486,216         9,975,370         1,361,749         20,099,837           608,114         ** 886,878         846,238         648,754           \$ 12,094,330         \$ 10,862,248         \$ 2,207,987         \$ 20,748,591           an one year         \$ 19,012,365           \$ 18,149,576         (9,970,000)	Balance         Additions         Reductions         Balance           \$ 7,635,000         \$ 9,970,000         \$ 310,000         \$ 17,295,000         * \$ 2,890,000         \$ 2,185,000         \$ 2,185,000         \$ 2,185,000         \$ 2,185,000         \$ 1,213,286         \$ 52,957         \$ 412,630         \$ 853,613         * \$ 48,550         * \$ (47,587)         * \$ (47,587)         * \$ (47,587)         * \$ (47,587)         * \$ (47,587)         * \$ (234,739)         * (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)         * \$ (234,739)

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Percentage				
Description	Interest Rates		Balance		
Certificates of Obligation					
Series 2001	4.125-4.30%	\$	950,000		
Series 2004B	3.00-3.50%		295,000		
Series 2005	3.00-3.60%		6,080,000		
Series 2007	4.00-4.50%		9,970,000		
			17,295,000		
General Obligation Refunding Bonds					
Series 2004A	2.50-3.50%		2,185,000		
	Total Bonds Payable		19,480,000		
Capital Leases	3.99-6.25%	11	853,613		
	Total Capital Leases		853,613		

Total Long-Term Debt

20,333,613

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year ending were as follows:

		Long-Term Debt											
	Year	y											
Ending		Certificates	of Obligation	General Obl	igation Bonds	Capital Leases							
	Sept. 30			Principal	Interest	Principal Interest	Total						
	2008	\$ 320,000	\$ 641,728	\$ 710,000	\$ 74,700	\$ 188,463 \$ 40,209	\$ 1,975,100						
	2009	370,000	662,506	745,000	51,625	362,188 30,785	2,222,104						
	2010	395,000	647,211	730,000	25,550	119,829 14,742	1,932,332						
	2011	1,160,000	630,696	_	_	183,133 8,610	1,982,439						
	2012	1,215,000	591,108	-	-	-	1,806,108						
	2013	1,280,000	548,458		: _	in the second se	1,828,458						
	2014	1,345,000	503,533	-	-	-	1,848,533						
	2015	1,415,000	456,333	-1.1	é- <u>-</u>		1,871,333						
	2016	900,000	405,293	-	, -	-	1,305,293						
	2017	965,000	369,296	, 'i -	-		1,334,296						
	2018	1,000,000	330,693	* *	· -	, · -	1,330,693						
	2019	1,040,000	290,693	-	-		1,330,693						
	2020	1,080,000	249,093	_	- ·		1,329,093						
	2021	1,130,000	204,543				1,334,543						
	2022	1,175,000	157,648	- 2			1,332,648						
	2023	1,225,000	108,885	_	_	11 4 4 1 N 1 -	1,333,885						
	2024	1,280,000	53,760		·		1,333,760						
	Total	\$ 17,295,000	\$ 6,851,477	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 151,875	\$ 853,613 \$ 94,345	-						

Machinery and equipment acquired under current capital lease obligations was a total of \$2,167,788, less accumulated depreciation of \$998,120, net \$1,169,668.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

The County is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

### E. Interfund Transactions

Funds	I	Due from	Due to			
General:						
Nonmajor governmental	\$	53,964	\$ 			
Agency		243,031	-			
Road and bridge:						
Nonmajor governmental		8,799	e i Bigani <del>a</del>			
Agency		70,237	-			
Other nonmajor:						
General		_	53,964			
Road and bridge		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8,799			
Nonmajor governmental		86,170	86,170			
Agency		46,117				
Agency:						
General		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	243,031			
Road and bridge			70,237			
Other governmental		<u>-</u>	46,117			
Agency	1	11,270	11,270			
	\$	519,588	\$ 519,588			

Amounts recorded as "due to/from" are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### F. Fund Equity

The County records fund balance reserves on the fund level to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is legally restricted for a specific future use or to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for expenditures.

The following is a list of fund balances reserved or designated as recognized by the County:

General Fund	
Reserved for prepaids	\$ 111,118
Capital Projects Fund	
Reserved for capital projects	\$ 10,061,548
Debt Service Fund	
Reserved for debt service	\$ 761,803
Special Revenue Funds	
Reserved for records management	\$ 820,674
Reserved for public safety	378,007
Reserved for judicial	652,558
Reserved for other purposes	158,157
Designated for public transportation	1,120,974

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 338 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund. This pool was created by the Texas Association of Counties in 1974 to insure the County for worker compensation related claims. This pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to either of the pools in which it participates, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three fiscal years.

#### B. Subsequent Event

On October 23, 2008 the County issued \$5,000,000 of certificates of obligation to finance the acquisition, renovation, and equipping of a building to house several county offices. The interest rate on the certificates range from seven to ten percent and the maturity date is September 30, 2028.

#### C. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

### D. Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the County could result. Although the County does not anticipate that it will have any arbitrage liability, it periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with Internal Revenue Service's rules and regulations.

### E. Other Post Employee Benefits

In addition to a pension plan, the County presently offers other benefits after retirement (other post employment benefits – OPEB), which consists of indirectly subsidized health insurance which allows retirees to participate in the County's plan at the rate charged to other employees. This OPEB meets the requirements of GASB 45. GASB 45 will be required to be implemented by the County during the fiscal year ended 2009. To comply with GASB 45 the County will have to engage an actuary every two years to determine the County's OPEB liability and annual required contribution. Presently the County has not engaged an actuary and the liability is not known.

### F. Pension Plan

### Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 573 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioners Court within the options available in Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### **Funding Policy**

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ACDR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 12.53 percent for the months of the accounting year in 2006 and 13.05 percent for the months of the accounting year in 2007.

The contribution rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2007 is the rate of seven percent as adopted by Commissioners Court. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by Commissioners Court within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

### **Annual Pension Costs**

The County's schedule of funding information can be found in the required supplementary information section of this report.

The annual required contributions were actuarially determined as a percentage of the covered payroll of the participating employees, and were in compliance with the GASB Statement No. 27 parameters based on the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2004 and December 31, 2005, the basis for determining the contribution rates for plan years 2006 and 2007.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amoritization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	20 Years - Open Period
Asset Valuation Method	Long-term Appreciation with Adjustment
Investment Rate of Return	8%
Projected Salary Increases	5.3%
Includes Inflation at	3.5%
Cost of Living Adjustments	None

	2007		 2006	2005		
Annual Req. Contrib. (ARC)	\$	1,328,164	\$ 1,244,269	\$	1,143,000	
Contributions Made		1,328,164	1,244,269		1,143,000	
NPO at the End of Period	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
				_		

### G. Deferred Compensation Plan

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Service Code, Section 457. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until retirement, termination, death, or unforeseeable emergencies.

Federal law requires all assets and income of Section 457 plans to be held in trust, custodial accounts, or annuity contracts for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The County's deferred compensation plan is administered by a private corporation under contract with the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

### H. Commitments and Other Obligations

The County entered into the Facility Operation and Management Agreement with Civigenics-Texas, Inc. (the "Operator") for operation, management, and maintenance (subject to certain limitations) of the County's jail facility. This agreement is for five years, containing options for both early cancellation and renewal on November 14, 2006 commencing on January 1, 2007. In December 2011, the contract will automatically renew for two years unless the County or Civigenics-Texas, Inc. gives 150 days advance written notice of intent not to renew. Over the term of the contract, the daily rate paid to Civigenics-Texas, Inc. for County and non-County inmates will range from \$44.00 to \$46.50. During the year, the County paid \$5,369,244 for housing County and non-County inmates.

The County has various operating agreements for office space, equipment, and services. Most agreements are for terms of one year or less or contain "funding clauses" enabling the County to cancel such agreements with nominal notice. Future minimum commitments for these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending		C	Governmental				
September 30		Activities					
2008	171	\$	73,127				
2009			62,231				
2010			41,859				
		\$	177,217				

### I. Health Care

The County maintains a self-insured health plan (the "Plan") for all eligible employees and retirees. The County contributed approximately \$3.4 million to the Plan to subsidize employee premiums. Employees are responsible for premiums for dependents. Health claim payments include the premiums for dependents' health insurance processed by a third party (Health Administration Services) acting on behalf of the County.

Claims incurred are subject to an individual stop-loss of \$150,000 per participant annually and \$1,850,000 lifetime maximum benefit. Individual employee health claims are self-insured by the County up to \$150,000 annually and stop-loss benefits above \$150,000 are provided by ING/Reliastar Life Insurance Company up to an aggregate County-wide attachment point of \$4,502,147. The latest financial statements available for ING/Reliastar Life Insurance Company are filed with Texas Department of Insurance, Austin, Texas and are public records.

At year end, the County has recorded current health claim liabilities of \$604,073 in the internal service fund. Of this amount, \$526,482 represents estimated claims incurred but not reported. These liabilities are based on requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the last two years ended September 30, are as follows:

	2007	2006			
Beginning balance	\$ 513,781	\$	512,382		
Claims incurred	3,614,274		3,726,584		
Claim paid	(3,523,982)		(3,725,185)		
Ending balance	\$ 604,073	\$	513,781		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### J. Hurricane Ike

Prior to making landfall on September 12, 2008, the National Hurricane Center forecasted that Hurricane Ike, a category 4 hurricane, would likely come ashore just west of the County, placing the County on the "dirty side" of the storm. In the days leading up to landfall, revised forecasts placed the storm's path directly across the County. Actual landfall occurred west of the County, in Galveston Texas. Although, at landfall, the storm was rated as a category 2 hurricane, Ike was unusually large and had a storm surge disproportional to its wind speed (category). The storm resulted in extensive flooding, wind damage, and a massive amount of debris removal. Ike's damage along the Gulf Coast could reach U.S. \$31.5 billion, which would make it the third costliest hurricane on record.

The County incurred substantial expenses: planning and preparing for the event, providing refuge and assistance to citizens of the area, manning emergency operations, and cleaning up debris. Many of these expenditures incurred by the County are expected to be reimbursed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). The County has estimated the amount it anticipates to recover from FEMA for the portion of expenditures incurred. However, FEMA's policies have and will likely change; therefore, the actual reimbursement could differ from the amount estimated based on the County's current understanding and interpretation of FEMA's policies.

### K. Restatement

The County has restated beginning net assets within governmental activities and beginning fund balance with in the general, TCDP and county sheriff programs funds. Beginning fund balances/net assets were restated due to a change in the reporting of accruals and assets. The restatement of beginning fund balances/net assets is as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	General			TCDP Programs		County Sheriff Programs	
Prior year ending fund balances/net assets	-				-				
as reported	\$	16,225,027	\$	8,487,963	\$		\$	9,242	
Change in reporting of accruals		(344,419)		(20,343)		(15,058)		(9,018)	
Change in reporting of assets		15,472,510		134,137		-		<u>-</u> 1	
Restated beginning fund balances/net assets	\$	31,353,118	\$	8,601,757	\$	(15,058)	\$	224	
							-		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 1 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2006

		2007	Variance with Final Budget		
	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Positive	2006
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 15,182,645	\$ 15,182,645	\$ 15,867,894	)	\$ 15,711,767
Sales taxes	2,509,683	2,509,683	3,031,006	521,323	2,686,684
Other taxes	26,000	26,000	40,215	14,215	34,738
Licenses and permits	86,000	86,000	86,257	257	95,113
Intergovernmental revenue	299,400	299,400	353,967	54,567	722,399
Charges for services	2,777,000	2,993,039	2,890,216	(102,823)	3,140,021
Fines and forfeitures	1,604,000	1,604,000	2,013,389	409,389	2,124,799
Investment income	275,000	275,000	1,056,147	781,147	764,034
Other revenue	235,950_	235,950	267,160	31,210	248,089
Total Revenues	22,995,678	23,211,717	25,606,251	2,394,534	25,527,644
Expenditures					
General government:	· ×				
Commissioners court	363,755	370,255	337,390	32,865	352,427
County clerk	640,532	680,082	590,561	89,521	623,490
Veterans services	89,701	90,901	87,100	3,801	86,210
General administration	1,456,100	1,406,090	1,261,847	144,243	1,165,092
Employee benefits	1,340,900	763,723	202,025	561,698	224,827
Building maintenance	386,266	406,916	390,621	16,295	386,957
Human resources	30,000	30,000	-	30,000	-
	4,307,254	3,747,967	2,869,544	878,423	2,839,003
Judicial:					
County judge	201,365	217,915	217,815	100	210,936
County court at law	249,908	263,233	260,043	3,190	228,592
District judges	468,155	483,155	482,597	558	465,960
Court costs	537,908	576,908	573,529	3,379	430,158
Court collections	169,845	169,845	142,467	27,378	49,753
District clerk	411,060	411,060	386,966	24,094	352,647 -
Justice courts	656,073	710,977	695,497	15,480	661,064
	2,694,314	2,833,093	2,758,914	74,179	2,399,110
Legal:					
County attorney	572,588	596,188	592,574	3,614	583,901
District attorney	727,950	758,350	761,371	(3,021) *	685,604
	1,300,538	1,354,538	1,353,945	593	1,269,505
Financial:					
County auditor	264,068	273,368	270,301	3,067	239,846
County treasurer	190,337	197,737	184,176	13,561	186,439
Tax assessor-collector	592,303	628,703	625,057	3,646	628,474
Data processing	306,651	314,221	295,197	19,024	296,742
Purchasing	53,556	44,256	33,832	10,424	38,015
Central appraisal district	445,000	449,558	449,557	1	428,800
	1,851,915	1,907,843	1,858,120	49,723	1,818,316

GENERAL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 2 of 2)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2006

		2007	Variance with Final Budget		
	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Positive	2006
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)					
Public safety:					
Sheriff \$	3,510,552	\$ 3,855,465	\$ 3,862,523	\$ (7,058) * \$	3,776,923
Jail operations and prisoner support	5,977,000	5,977,000	5,369,244	607,756	5,267,760
Juvenile probation	136,885	151,335	148,845	2,490	123,944
Constables	843,474	913,106	837,988	75,118	681,854
Fire marshall	18,726	19,486	14,947	4,539	17,726
Emergency management	112,228	112,228	98,467	13,761	127,005
DARE	61,734	72,984	72,953	31	71,034
Weight division	92,206	95,606	91,085	4,521	73,899
Environmental program	6,600	6,640	6,560	80	5,010
Other public safety	259,220	259,520	192,278	67,242	242,725
	11,018,625	11,463,370	10,694,890	768,480	10,387,880
Health and welfare:					
Public welfare	484,384	517,654	510,068	7,586	466,974
Indigent services	650,360	650,360	427,446	222,914	460,108
	1,134,744	1,168,014	937,514	230,500	927,082
Other:					
Extension service	157,984	157,984	147,350	10,634	135,932
Engineering and permits	251,553	256,053	239,935	16,118	210,690
Special projects	50,000	115,666	115,146	520	124,522
Special projects	459,537	529,703	502,431	27,272	471,144
Debt Service:					
Principal Principal	225,275	223,275	187,151	36,124	213,922
Interest	3,476	3,476	3,476	50,121	14,829
111001000	228,751	226,751	190,627	36,124	228,751
Total Expenditures	22,995,678	23,231,279	21,165,985	2,065,294	20,340,791
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	\$ (19,562)	4,440,266	\$ 4,459,828 \$	5,186,853
Beginning Fund Balance			8,601,757		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 13,042,023		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<sup>2.</sup> Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of control. \*

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2006

		2007		Variance with Final Budget			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive	2006		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 4,496,260	\$ 4,496,260	\$ 4,698,734	\$ 202,474	\$ 4,143,009		
Intergovernmental revenue	57,000	57,000	56,862	(138)	487,757		
Fines and forfeitures	1,645,000	1,645,000	1,602,432	(42,568)	1,751,081		
Other revenue	3,000	183,093	268,529	85,436	248,978		
Total Revenues	6,201,260	6,381,353	6,626,557	245,204	6,630,825		
Expenditures							
Public transportation:							
Precinct No. 1	1,120,376	1,703,889	1,264,048	439,841	886,972		
Precinct No. 2	1,960,868	2,213,523	1,964,725	248,798	2,067,525		
Precinct No. 3	1,006,469	1,075,292	980,432	94,860	955,699		
Precinct No. 4	1,204,357	1,585,297	1,299,607	285,690	1,262,913		
	5,292,070	6,578,001	5,508,812	1,069,189	5,173,109		
Other:							
Landfill and solid waste	525,848	525,848	520,011	5,837	579,808		
	525,848	525,848		5,837	579,808		
D.1.0							
Debt Service:	222.255	066 197	225 470	40.700	229.700		
Principal	333,355	266,187		40,708	228,700		
Interest	49,987	49,987		10.700	58,239		
	383,342	316,174	275,466	40,708	286,939		
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	6,201,260	7,420,023	6,304,289	1,115,734	6,039,856		
Excess of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,038,670	322,268	1,360,938	590,969		
Other Financing Sources							
Debt issuance			29,060	29,060			
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>			29,060	29,060	-		
Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources Over							
(Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ (1,038,670	351,328	\$ 1,389,998	\$ 590,969		
Beginning Fund Balance			1,691,512				
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 2,042,840	* * .			
Ending I und Dalance			Ψ 2,072,070				

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

<sup>1.</sup> Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

### TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

The County's annual covered payroll and pension costs are actuarially valued on a calendar year basis. Because the County makes all the annually required contributions, no net pension obligation (NPO) exists. The information presented below represents the County's Schedule of Funding Progress.

Fiscal Year		2007	2006	2005		2004
Actuarial Valuation Date		12/31/2006	12/31/2005	 12/31/2004		12/31/2003
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	26,564,516	\$ 23,826,265	\$ 21,372,941	\$	19,189,906
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	31,714,904	\$ 29,769,496	\$ 27,128,846	\$	24,827,853
Percentage Funded		83.76%	80.04%	78.78%		77.29%
Unfunded Actuarial						
Accrued Liability	\$	5,150,388	\$ 5,943,231	\$ 5,755,905	\$	5,637,947
Annual Covered Payroll	\$	9,963,651	\$ 9,290,254	\$ 8,893,367	\$	8,731,994
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	y			• , , 1		
(UAAL) % of Covered Payroll		51.69%	63.97%	64.72%		64.57%
Net Pension Obligation (NPO)						
at the Beginning of Period	\$	_	\$	\$	\$	
Annual Req. Contrib. (ARC)	\$	1,328,164	\$ 1,244,269	\$ 1,143,000	\$	1,141,000
Contributions Made	\$	1,328,164	\$ 1,244,269	\$ 1,143,000	\$	1,141,000
NPO at the End of Period	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
			 		-	

# COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Land Acquisition fund accounts for special vehicle registration fees designated for the acquisition of right-of-way for road expansion.

The Courthouse Security fund accounts for court filing fees designated for security services for buildings housing a district or county court.

The Law Library fund accounts for the operation of a law library for use by members of the Texas Bar Association. Financing is provided from fees assessed in each civil case filed in County and District Courts.

The Juvenile Probation fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Juvenile Probation Commission under an agreement to provide juvenile offenders with a program of rehabilitation. Funds are restricted for this purpose.

The DARE fund accounts for revenues received from the surrounding community to support work with children to increase drug awareness and resistance. Funds are restricted for this purpose.

The Commissary fund accounts for revenues received from commissary activities in the County jail. Expenditure of these funds is restricted to: replenish commissary inventory; fund, staff, and equip a program addressing the social needs of the County prisoners, including an educational or recreational program and religious or rehabilitative counseling; supply County prisoners with clothing, writing materials, and hygiene supplies; establish, staff and equip a library for the educational use of County prisoners; verify any contracts for services to ensure compliance.

The TCDP programs fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Office of Rural Community Affairs and the Federal Emergency Management Agency to develop viable communities by providing decent housing and suitable living environments, and expanding economic opportunities principally for persons of low and moderate income.

The Homeland Security fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Engineering Extension Service to purchase equipment for the prevention of and response to potential terrorist acts.

The Commissioners Court Records Management fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the Commissioners Court.

The District Attorney Federal Forfeiture fund accounts for Federally forfeited property received from the U.S. Department of Justice. Funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

The District Attorney fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Texas and fees collected in connection with processing checks issued or passed in violation of the Texas Penal Code. Fees deposited in this fund are used to defray expenses of the District Attorney's office.

The District Attorney Programs fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Texas. Fees deposited in this fund are used to cover expenses for special investigation, welfare fraud, and crime prevention.

The District Clerk - TDCJ fund accounts for revenues received from Texas Department of Criminal Justice (TDCJ), designated for the use of a district clerk in a county in which a state prison facility is located.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

The District Clerk Child Support fund accounts for reimbursements received from the Office of the Attorney General for processing child support payments sent to the County as part of the Cooperative Agreement for Title IV, Part-D of the Federal Social Security Act (IV-D) child support enforcement program. The purpose of this program is to provide the County child support registry with a mechanism for supporting and improving the IV-D child support case services provided by the County.

The District Clerk Records Management fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the District Clerk.

The County Clerk Records Management fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records managements and preservation services performed by the County Clerk.

The County Attorney Check Collections fund accounts for fees collected in connection with processing checks issued or passed in violation of the Texas Penal Code. Fees deposited in this fund are used to defray expenses of the County Attorney's office.

The County Constable Seizures fund accounts for drug seizure funds seized in drug related arrests. Funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

The County Sheriff Programs fund accounts for revenues received by the Sheriff's office for participation in the seizure of property during criminal investigation. Funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

The JP Technology fund accounts for technology fees collected as a cost of court from defendants convicted of misdemeanor offenses. The fund may be used only to finance the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court and is administered by the Commissioners Court.

The COPS fund accounts for revenues received from the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) for entry-level salaries and benefits of additional officers.

The CDBG Disaster Recovery fund accounts for Community Development Block Grant revenues received for disaster recovery relief.

The Infections Disease fund accounts for revenues received from the Texas Department of State Health Services to provide mosquito surveillance and mosquito abatement activities for staff and community education on mosquito control actions.

The CDBG fund accounts for revenues received from the department of housing and urban development.

The SEP fund accounts for revenue received from the state used for environmental enforcement purposes.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term liabilities (principal, interest, and other related costs).

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 3)

September 30, 2007

	Special Revenue Funds							
	A	Land Acquisition		ourthouse Security		Law Library		Juvenile robation
Assets							-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,099,765	\$	95,245	\$	38,520	\$	225,759
Receivables, net		-				-		
Due from other governments		- · · · ·		· -				64,480
Due from other funds		21,209		1,072		595		-
Due from others	-			224	·	_		150
Total Assets	\$	1,120,974	\$	96,541	\$	39,115	\$	290,389
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	514	\$	9,130	\$	11,887
Due to other funds				_				_
Due to others		,						_
Deferred revenue		_		_				
Total Liabilities		-		514		9,130		11,887
Fund Balances								
Reserved for:								
Debt service		,-						-
Records management		-		-		_		· ·
Public saftey		-		<del>_</del>				278,502
Judicial				96,027		29,985		
Other purposes		_		-				
Unreserved and designated for:								
Public transportation		1,120,974		-		-		- 1
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		1,120,974		96,027		29,985		278,502
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,120,974	\$	96,541	\$	39,115	\$	290,389

	opeciai i	cychie i ui	us

DARE Commissary		ommissary	TCDP Programs		Homeland Security		]	missioner's Court Records magement	1	District Attorney Federal Forfeiture		
\$	39,252	\$	42,840	\$	-	\$	643	\$	227,869	\$	11,906	
					231,415 54,070				627		- - -	
\$	39,252	\$	42,840	\$	285,485	\$	643	\$	228,496	\$	11,906	
\$		\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	292,145 32,100	\$		\$	,	\$		
			-		324,245				<u> </u>		-	
-					324,243							
			, j <sup>1</sup> -		- · · · · -		- 1					
	-		· -		-		-		228,496			
	39,252		42,840		-		-		-		11,906	
	, <u>,</u>		-		(38,760)		643				-	
							1				n e	
	39,252		42,840		(38,760)		643		228,496		11,906	
\$	39,252	\$	42,840	\$	285,485	\$	643	\$	228,496	\$	11,906	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 3)

September 30, 2007

					Special Rev	enue	Funds		
			District ttorney		District Attorney Programs		District Clerk TDCJ		District Clerk Child Support
Assets  Cool and apply agricultures		e	12 650	¢	101 627	<b>C</b>	206	<b>c</b>	265 400
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net		\$	13,650	\$	101,627	\$	296	\$	365,400
Due from other governments			-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>-</u>		16,262
Due from other funds			_						10,202
Due from others			54		84		_		291
Tota	al Assets	\$	13,704	\$	101,711	\$	296	\$	381,953
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable		\$	-	\$	714	\$	_	\$	-
Due to other funds			-		-		-		-
Due to others			19,358		·		-		-
Deferred revenue					-	-			
Total Li	abilities	-	19,358		714		_		
Fund Balances									
Reserved for:									
Debt service			·		× -		-		~
Records management			_						× -
Public saftey			-		-		-		
Judicial Judicial			(5,654)		100,997		296		381,953
Other purposes					, · , · · <del>-</del>		<u>=</u> ,'a		· · · · · · · · · · · ·
Unreserved and designated for:									
Public transportation			-				*		
Total Fund E	Balances		(5,654)		100,997		296		381,953
Total Liabilities and Fund E	Balances	\$	13,704	\$	101,711	\$	296	\$	381,953

Cl Rec	strict erk cords igement	County Clerk Records anagement	A	County Attorney Check ollections		County Constable Seizures	County Sheriff rograms	JP Technology
\$	19,480	\$ 578,783	\$	44,300	\$	30,721	\$ 44,663	\$ 147,850
	T	-		-				
	30	 3,540		4,606	-	·	 -	168 231
\$	19,510	\$ 582,323	\$	48,906	\$	30,721	\$ 44,663	\$ 148,249
\$		\$ 9,655	\$	595	\$	7,361	\$ -	\$ -
	- - -	- - -				20,175	42,341	
	-	9,655		595		27,536	42,341	-

48,311

48,311

48,906

3,185

3,185

30,721

2,322

2,322

44,663

148,249

148,249

148,249

19,510

19,510

19,510

572,668

572,668

582,323

Special Revenue Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 3)

September 30, 2007

	 		Special Re	venue ]	Funds	, "	
	COPS Fund	I	CDBG Disaster Recovery		fectious Disease	(	CDBG
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ . · · .	\$	6,714	\$	-	\$	7,870
Receivables, net			-				_
Due from other governments	53,964		59,004		33,142		-
Due from other funds	-		32,100		-		7
Due from others	 						
Total Assets	\$ 53,964	\$	97,818	\$	33,142	\$	7,870
		<del></del>		-			
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ g ' -	\$	3,850	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	53,964		46,200		8,799		7,870
Due to others	-		_		24,343		-
Deferred revenue					- b		
Total Liabilities	53,964		50,050		33,142		7,870
Fund Balances							
Reserved for:							
Debt service			-		-		-
Records management	-		<u> </u>		-		-
Public saftey	-		, <del>-</del>		+		-
Judicial	-		<b>-</b> ,		· -		
Other purposes	-		47,768		-		-
Unreserved and designated for:							
Public transportation	 		-		-		
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	 -		47,768		-		-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 53,964	\$	97,818	\$	33,142	\$	7,870

Special Re	evenue	e Funds					
Supplemental Environmental Project		Total Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds		Debt Service	Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		
			_				
\$ 900	\$	3,144,053	\$	767,004	\$	3,911,057	
-		4000		202,043		202,043	
-		458,267		-		458,267	
		118,017		14,270		132,287	
 	<del></del>	1,034	_			1,034	
\$ 900	\$	3,721,371	\$	983,317	\$	4,704,688	
\$ 	\$	335,851	\$	19,471	\$	355,322	
, -		148,933		ř -		148,933	
· -		106,217		-		106,217	
		-		202,043		202,043	
-		591,001		221,514		812,515	
-		_		761,803		761,803	
F		820,674		-		820,674	
1		378,007		- 1		378,007	
-		652,558				652,558	
900		158,157				158,157	
*		1,120,974				1,120,974	
900		3,130,370		761,803		3,892,173	
\$ 900	\$	3,721,371	\$	983,317	\$	4,704,688	

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 3) For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

Special Revenue Funds

	Land Acquisition			Courthouse Security		Law brary	Juvenile Probation	
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue		, <u>-</u>		-		-		398,733
Charges for services		-						-
Fines and forfeitures		316,555		57,446		53,829		-
Investment income		·		- ·		-		9,912
Other revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues	-1	316,555		57,446		53,829		408,645
Erro anditana								
Expenditures Current:								
General								
Judicial		-		55,917		64,482		_
Legal				33,917		04,402		_
Public safety						_		342,034
Public transportation		44,330						5 12,05 1
Other		44,550		_		-		
Capital outlay		-				-		
Debt Service:		-				-		_
Principal								
Interest and fiscal charges		_						_
Total Expenditures		44,330		55,917		64,482		342,034
Excess (Deficiency) of						·		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		272,225	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,529		(10,653)		66,611
Net Change in Fund Balances		272,225		1,529		(10,653)		66,611
Beginning Fund Balances		848,749		94,498		40,638		211,891
Ending Fund Balances	\$	1,120,974	\$	96,027	\$	29,985	\$	278,502

			Special Rev	venue Funds		
DARE		Commissary	TCDP Programs	Homeland Security	Commissioners Court Records Management	District Attorney Federal Forfeiture
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
			431,518	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>.</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		124,073	· ·	·	-	
	- <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	. j		35,727	
		1,944	-		<u>-</u>	566
	19,897	42,310	_	·	-	
	19,897	168,327	431,518	_	35,727	566
	-	· -	-	- 4	6,242	1 +
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		-	, i i i i i
	1.5.000	160.014	<del>-</del>		-	
	15,938	162,914	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	=-	
		_	455 220	. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	F 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		455,220	,	7,645	
		- s,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	7,043	
	· ·		-			
	15,938	162,914	455,220		13,887	
	13,936	102,914	433,220		13,007	
	3,959	5,413	(23,702)		21,840	566
	3,959	5,413	(23,702)	·	21,840	566
	35,293	37,427	(15,058)	643	206,656	11,340
\$	39,252	\$ 42,840	\$ (38,760)	\$ 643	\$ 228,496	\$ 11,906

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 3)

	District Attorney	District Attorney Programs	District Clerk TDCJ	District Clerk Child Support
Revenues	Ф	ф	ø	ø
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenue	33,630			90,258
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	18,182	11,792	· .	
Investment income	10,102	4,719		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other revenue	<u>-</u>	4,/19		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Revenues	51,812	16,511		90,258
Total Revenues	31,012	10,511	M-10	70,230
Expenditures				
Current:				
General	-	-	<u>_</u> , .	
Judicial	- · ·	, -		13,040
Legal	52,129	6,043		<u>-</u>
Public safety			-	· ·
Public transportation	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 18 - <u>-</u>	-
Other	-	<del>-</del>	,	- <del>-</del> ,
Capital outlay	_	, i	<del>,</del>	1 <u>-</u>
Debt Service:				
Principal	<u>-</u>		·	ti e i
Interest and fiscal charges		·		
Total Expenditures	52,129	6,043		13,040
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(317)	10,468	_	77,218
Net Change in Fund Balances	(317)	10,468		77,218
Beginning Fund Balances	(5,337)	90,529	296	304,735
Ending Fund Balances	\$ (5,654)	\$ 100,997	\$ 296	\$ 381,953

		Special Rev	venue Funds		
District Clerk Records Management	County Clerk Records Management	County Attorney Check Collections	County Constable Seizures	County Sheriff Programs	JP Technology
\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
8,750	90,590	62,357		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27,090
-	•		-		
0.750	00.500	(2.257	1,300	2,098	27,000
8,750	90,590	62,357	1,300	2,098	27,090
9	20,640	-	-	-	
10,330		-	-		2,051
	-	66,606	637		-
		1 7 2	-	*	
-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* ",, =		-
-	-	-	<del>-</del> .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
_				<u>.</u>	
10.220	20.640	-	637	-	2.051
10,330	20,640	66,606	637		2,051
(1,580)	69,950	(4,249)	663	2,098	25,039
(1,580)	69,950	(4,249)	663	2,098	25,039
21,090	502,718	52,560	2,522	224	123,210
\$ 19,510	\$ 572,668	\$ 48,311	\$ 3,185	\$ 2,322	\$ 148,249

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 3)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	COPS Fund	CDBG Disaster Recovery	Infectious Disease	CDBG				
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Intergovernmental revenue	71,952	884,407	33,142	7,870				
Charges for services		-		, , . · · · -				
Fines and forfeitures	-			-				
Investment income	-		-	-				
Other revenue	-		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·				
<b>Total Revenues</b>	71,952	884,407	33,142	7,870				
Expenditures								
Current:								
General		,*		7,870				
Judicial		-	_	-				
Legal				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Public safety	71,952		33,142	-				
Public transportation	_		·	· _				
Other		-	<u>-</u>					
Capital outlay	-	836,639		_				
Debt Service:								
Principal	• ·		-					
Interest and fiscal charges	·		· .	-				
Total Expenditures	71,952	836,639	33,142	7,870				
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	47,768		¥ , ' =				
Revenues Over (Onder) Expenditures		77,700						
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	47,768		-				
Beginning Fund Balances	_	_	-					
Ending Fund Balances	\$	\$ 47,768	\$ -	\$ -				

Sp	ecial Re	venue	Funds			
Suppler Environ Proj	nental mental	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Debt Service	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	· -	\$	-	\$	1,558,143	\$ 1,558,143
	900		1,952,410			1,952,410
	- 1		124,073			124,073
	-		682,318		. · · · · · ·	682,318
	· ,, , - ·		17,141		58,992	76,133
	-		65,605		_	65,605
	900		2,841,547		1,617,135	4,458,682
	- <del>-</del>		34,752			34,752
	, <b>-</b>		145,820			145,820
	<u>-</u>		124,778		<u>-</u>	124,778
	-		626,617		-	626,617
	-		44,330			44,330
	-		455,220		_	455,220
	-		844,284			844,284
	_				1,015,000	1,015,000
			_		375,068	375,068
			2,275,801		1,390,068	 3,665,869
			2,273,001	-	1,550,000	 3,003,007
	900		565,746		227,067	792,813
	900		565,746		227,067	792,813
	_		2,564,624		534,736	 3,099,360
\$	900	\$	3,130,370	\$	761,803	\$ 3,892,173

LAND ACQUISITION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(	Negative)
Revenues		_						
Fines and forfeitures	\$	285,000	\$	285,000	\$	316,555	\$	31,555
Total Revenues		285,000		285,000		316,555		31,555
	* **		-		-			
Expenditures								
Public Transportation:								
Rural addressing - 911		25,000		25,000		16,473		8,527
Road and bridge supplies		100,000		100,000				100,000
Right-of-way expenses		50,000		50,000		27,857	-	22,143
Total Expenditures		175,000		175,000		44,330		130,670
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	110,000	\$	110,000		272,225	\$	162,225
Beginning Fund Balance						848,749		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	1,120,974		

COURTHOUSE SECURITY
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amoi	ints	Actual	Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
	0	riginal		Final	mounts		egative)
Revenues					 		<u> </u>
Fines and forfeitures	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$ 57,446	\$	1,446
Total Revenues		56,000		56,000	57,446		1,446
Expenditures Judicial:							
Salaries and benefits		51,500		52,530	52,965		(435)
Office expense and supplies		1,500		1,500	1,258		242
Education and training		3,000		1,970	1,694		276
Total Expenditures		56,000		56,000	55,917		83
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	<u>.</u>	1,529	\$	1,529
Beginning Fund Balance					94,498		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 96,027		

LAW LIBRARY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Budgeted .			unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	A	Amounts	(1)	Negative)	
Revenues							-		
Fines and forfeitures	\$	48,500	\$	54,500	\$	53,829	\$	(671)	
Total Revenues		48,500		54,500		53,829		(671)	
Even on distance									
Expenditures  Ladiala									
Judicial:		10 170		10.170		5 116		5.063	
Salaries and benefits		10,179		10,179		5,116		5,063	
Office expense and supplies		2,821		2,821		2,702		119	
Law books		27,000		30,000		45,897		(15,897)	
Copier lease		6,000		9,000		1,767		7,233	
Office lease		2,500		2,500		9,000		(6,500)	
Total Expenditures		48,500		54,500		64,482		(9,982) *	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	_		(10,653)	\$	(10,653)	
Beginning Fund Balance						40,638			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	29,985			

<sup>1.</sup> Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of control. \*

COMMISSIONERS COURT RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		(	Original		Final	mounts		legative)
Revenues		-					- 111	
Fines and forfeitures		\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$ 35,727	\$	(273)
	<b>Total Revenues</b>		36,000		36,000	35,727		(273)
Expenditures								
General								
Office expense and supplies			26,000		26,000	6,242		19,758
Capital outlay			10,000		10,000	7,645		2,355
	Total Expenditures		36,000		36,000	13,887		22,113
Net Ch	ange in Fund Balance	\$		\$		21,840	\$	21,840
Beginning Fund	Balance					 206,656		
	Ending Fund Balance					\$ 228,496		

DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Final	nce with Budget sitive
		Original		Final	A	mounts	(Ne	gative)
Revenues Fines and forfeitures	\$	7,000	\$	8,200	\$	8,750	\$	550
Total Revenu	ies	7,000		8,200		8,750		550
Expenditures Judicial:								
Office expense and supplies		3,500		4,700		10,330		(5,630)
Capital outlay		3,500	-	3,500		_		3,500
Total Expenditur	res	7,000		8,200		10,330		(2,130) *
Net Change in Fund Balan	s		\$			(1,580)	\$	(1,580)
Beginning Fund Balance					-	21,090		
Ending Fund Balan	ice				\$	19,510		

<sup>1.</sup> Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of control. \*

COUNTY CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Budgeted	l Amor	ınts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	0	riginal	Amo	Final		Amounts		(egative)
Revenues					-			
Fines and forfeitures	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	90,590	\$	590
Total Revenues		90,000		90,000		90,590		590
Expenditures								
General:								
Office expense and supplies		25,000		25,000		20,640		4,360
Equipment lease		15,000		15,000				15,000
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		<u> </u>		50,000
Total Expenditures		90,000		90,000		20,640		69,360
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$			69,950	\$	69,950
							-	
Beginning Fund Balance						502,718		
						*		
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	572,668		

COUNTY ATTORNEY CHECK COLLECTIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Budgeted	i Ame	nunte		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	<del>-</del> 0	riginal	Anic	Final		mounts		egative)
Revenues		8						8
Fines and forfeitures	\$	61,000	\$	61,000	\$	62,357	\$	1,357
Total Revenues		61,000		61,000		62,357		1,357
			10		-			
Expenditures								
Legal:								
Salaries and benefits		36,350		36,350		44,468		(8,118)
Office expense and supplies		20,000		20,000		21,164		(1,164)
Law books		3,150		3,150		974		2,176
Capital outlay		1,500		1,500		-		1,500
Total Expenditures		61,000		61,000		66,606		(5,606) *
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	- <u> </u>		(4,249)	\$	(4,249)
Beginning Fund Balance						52,560		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	48,311		

<sup>1.</sup> Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of control. \*

JP TECHNOLOGY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

			Budgeted	l Amou	ınts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
			)riginal		Final	٠.,	Amounts	(N	egative)
Revenues							- + '		
Fines and forfeitures		\$	31,000	\$	31,000	\$	27,090	\$	(3,910)
	<b>Total Revenues</b>		31,000		31,000	- *	27,090		(3,910)
<b>Expenditures</b>									
Judicial:									
Office expense and supplies			_		· <u>-</u>		2,051		(2,051)
Capital outlay			31,000		31,000		<u> </u>		31,000
	Total Expenditures	. ——	31,000		31,000		2,051		28,949
Net Cha	nge in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	-		25,039	\$	25,039
Beginning Fund I	3alance					. <u> </u>	123,210		
F	Inding Fund Balance					\$	148,249		

DEBT SERVICE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended September 30, 2006

				2007				iance with al Budget		
	Bu	dgeted	Am	ounts		Actual	P	ositive		
	Origin	al		Final		Amounts	(N	egative)		2006
Revenues			-							
Taxes	\$ 1,384	,568	\$	1,384,568	\$	1,558,143	\$	173,575	\$	1,521,903
Investment income	5	,000		5,000		58,992		53,992		48,899
Total Revenues	1,389	,568		1,389,568		1,617,135		227,567		1,570,802
Expenditures										
Principal	1,015	,000		1,015,000		1,015,000		-		970,000
Interest and fiscal charges	374	,568		374,568		375,068		(500)	k	410,044
Total Expenditures	1,389	,568		1,389,568		1,390,068		(500)		1,380,044
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	_		227,067	\$	227,067	\$	190,758
Beginning Fund Balance					_	534,736				
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>					\$	761,803				

<sup>1.</sup> Excess of expenditures over appropriations at the legal level of control. \*

#### AGENCY FUND DESCRIPTIONS

`	
	The State Court Costs fund accounts for assets held by the County on behalf of other governments.
	The Old River District No. 1 fund accounts for funds held on behalf of Old River District No.1.
	The Social Security fund accounts for social security taxes and other employee benefits of the County and certain other governmental units.
	The District Attorney Seizure Account fund accounts for funds seized in drug arrests until said funds are forfeited to the arresting police agency (sometimes more than one agency), District Attorney, or rightful owner.
	The County Officials Escrow fund accounts for assets held by the County as agent for other governments, courts or individuals.
	The Fine and Bond fund accounts for funds received from inmates for fines and bonds.
	The Inmate Release fund accounts for funds received by or for the benefit of inmates. Funds are used for the inmates' commissary and medical needs.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2007

	St	ate Court Costs		Old River strict No. 1	Soci	al Security	A	District attorney are Account
4								
Assets					•			25.205
Cash and investments	\$	230,412	\$	,	. \$	20,720	\$	27,295
Due from other funds		10,110		1,160				-
Accounts receivable		4,712		4,676		· · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Assets	\$	245,234	\$	583,445	\$	20,720	\$	27,295
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$		\$	2,720	\$	-	\$	
Due to other governments		205,005		-		· _		= -
Due to other funds		30,393				18,314		
Due to other units		-		580,725		2,406		27,295
Other liabilities		9,836		·		<u> </u>		
Total Liabilities	\$	245,234	\$	583,445	\$	20,720	\$	27,295
1 otal Liabilities	Ψ	273,234	ψ	202,442	Ψ	20,720	Ψ	21,27

County Officials		D. ID.		Inmate Release		Total Agency Funds		
Escrow		Fine and Bond						
\$	8,044,312	\$		285	\$	58,607	\$	8,959,240
	_			-		-		11,270
	- T			_			1	9,388
\$	8,044,312	\$		285	\$	58,607	\$	8,979,898
\$	e. • <u>• •</u>	\$		_	\$	- · · · · -	\$	2,720
				285		-		205,290
	321,948					_		370,655
	7,722,364			_		58,607		8,391,397
	<u>-</u> .			-		-1 -		9,836
\$	8,044,312	\$		285	\$	58,607	\$	8,979,898